

Question Booklet Series:

A**B.Ed Entrance Test – 2014
QUESTION BOOKLET****INSTRUCTIONS**

Question Booklet Number:

110118Maximum Time Allowed : 2 Hours
Negative Marking : 0.2No. of Questions: 120
Maximum Marks: 120

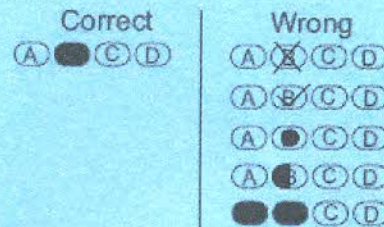
Roll Number:

Answer Sheet Number:

Please read the following instructions carefully:

- 1) **Check the booklet thoroughly:** In case of any defect – Misprint, Missing question(s) or duplication of question(s) / Page(s), get the booklet changed with the booklet of the same series from the Room Invigilator. No complaint shall be entertained after the entrance test.
- 2) Write your Roll Number and the OMR Answer Sheet Number on the question booklet.
- 3) Mark carefully your Roll Number, Question Booklet Number and Question Booklets series on OMR Answer sheet and sign at the appropriate place. Incomplete and/or incorrect particulars will result in the non-evaluation of your answer sheet.
- 4) Strictly follow the instructions given by the Centre Supervisor / Room Invigilator and those given on the Question Booklet.
- 5) Candidates are not allowed to carry any papers, notes, books, calculators, cellular phones, scanning devices, pagers etc. to the Examination Hall. Any candidate found using, or in possession of such unauthorized material, indulging in copying or impersonation or adopting unfair means / reporting late / without Admit Card will be debarred from the written test.
- 6) Please mark the right responses on the OMR Sheet with ONLY a Blue/Black ball point pen. Use of eraser, whitener (fluid) and cutting on the OMR Answer Sheet is NOT allowed.
- 7) The test is of objective type containing multiple choice questions (MCQs). Each objective question is followed by four responses. Your task is to choose the correct/best response and mark your response on the OMR Answer Sheet and NOT on the Question Booklet.
- 8) There will be 0.2 negative marking for every wrong answer.

- 9) For marking response to a question, completely darken the CIRCLE so that the alphabet inside the CIRCLE is not visible. Darken only ONE circle for each question. If you darken more than one circle, it will be treated as wrong answer. The CORRECT and the WRONG methods of darkening the CIRCLE on the OMR Answer Sheet are shown below.



- 10) Please be careful while marking the response to questions. The response once marked cannot be changed and if done shall be treated as wrong answer.
- 11) In view of the tight time span, do NOT waste your time on a question which you find to be difficult. Attempt easier questions first and come back to the difficult questions later during the test.
- 12) DO NOT make any stray marks anywhere on the OMR Answer Sheet. DO NOT fold or wrinkle the OMR answer sheet.
- 13) Rough work MUST NOT be done on the OMR Answer Sheet. Use your test booklet for this purpose.
- 14) Candidates are provided carbonless OMR Answer Sheet having original copy and candidate's copy. After completing the examination, candidates are directed to fold at perforation on the top of the sheet, tear it to separate original copy and candidate's copy and then hand over the original copy of OMR Answer Sheet to the Room Invigilator and take candidate's copy with them.

DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL OF THIS BOOKLET UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO

Section 1: Pedagogy

1. How many common processes and factors are identified as barriers in problem solving strategy?
(A) 10
(B) 6
(C) 4
(D) 5
2. Who is the father of genetic epistemology?
(A) Piaget
(B) Bruner
(C) Vygotsky
(D) Dewey
3. To compliment teaching, stimulation discussion or allow out-of-class teaching, which visual aid tool is useful?
(A) Black-board
(B) PowerPoint
(C) Games
(D) Blogs
4. The differences among individuals that distinguish them from one another and make each one a unique individual are denoted by the term
(A) Individual difference
(B) Heredity
(C) Environment
(D) Personality
5. Students learning styles depend on their prevailing type of
(A) Habits
(B) Body language
(C) Intelligence
(D) Cultural differences
6. Problem solving is an important component of
(A) Geographical education
(B) Science education
(C) Mathematics education
(D) Historical education
7. Demonstration is a process of teaching through
(A) Visualizing an object
(B) Examples or experiments
(C) Spoken explanations
(D) Talking with each other
8. What in English requires a lot of rote learning?
(A) Sentence formation
(B) Paragraph writing
(C) Verb formation
(D) Word formation
9. According to the Dictionary of Education, "Objective" means-
(A) The desired goal of improving speaking skills
(B) The beginning towards which a student's behavior changes
(C) The end towards which a school sponsored activity is directed
(D) The outcome of improving text level knowledge
10. What kind of enrichment program has to be provided by the teacher to advance learning?
(A) Projects
(B) Team work
(C) Revisions
(D) Remedial instructions
11. A teacher meeting his students for the first time should start
(A) Teaching without caring the students likes and dislikes
(B) Develop rapport with the class
(C) Give a broad outline of the whole subject
(D) Both B and C
12. A teacher provides multi-sensory prompts to elicit correct responses from what kind of learners?
(A) Slow learners
(B) Advance learners
(C) Moderate learners
(D) Average learners
13. The Structural Approach Method sees language as a
(A) Complex or grammatical rule which is to be learned on time
(B) Similarity between first and second language
(C) Computer analysis, which identifies most common words
(D) Building of strong personal link between teacher and student
14. Assigning a disorderly sentences or the classroom rules to write repeatedly is known as
(A) Corporal punishment
(B) Rote discipline
(C) Moral discipline
(D) Oral punishment
15. What does the Humanistic Approach use, as one of the means of retaining new knowledge?
(A) The needs of students
(B) The rules of teaching
(C) The way he is comfortable
(D) The subject he is teaching

16. In a classroom, pupil's source of information is the
(A) Student
(B) Book
(C) Teacher
(D) Teaching aid
17. A free online gathering place where students can come online to ask, answer and explore under the guidance of their instructor is called as
(A) Twitter
(B) Blog
(C) Piazza
(D) Wikis
18. A systematic pedagogical strategy that encourages small groups of students to work together for the achievement of a common goal is
(A) Cooperative learning
(B) Distance learning
(C) Integrating technology
(D) Case method
19. A language teaching method developed by Stephan Krashen and Tracy D Terrel is called
(A) Suggestopedia
(B) Silent way
(C) Nature approach
(D) Lecture method
20. Semantic is related to -
(A) Thinking
(B) Spelling
(C) Understanding
(D) Reading
21. To enable to speak English means -
(A) Producing sounds with mother tongue influence
(B) Producing sounds with proper stress and intonation
(C) Reading as enthusiastic readers
(D) To enable writing letters and application
22. The process of getting your students to say it instead of you is known as
(A) Repetition
(B) Elicitation
(C) Felicitation
(D) Precipitation
23. Effective tangible changes in students behavior at the end of schooling is known as -
(A) Objective
(B) Instruction
(C) Tactics
(D) Improvement
24. Learners who involve the sense of touch in learning and like to do artwork are
(A) Kinesthetic learners
(B) Auditory learners
(C) Visual learners
(D) Global learners
25. The main two objectives of teaching English are, language development and -
(A) Innovative techniques
(B) Literary development
(C) Teaching methods
(D) Understanding English
26. Which is the most widely used instructional strategy in classrooms?
(A) Lecture method
(B) Discussion method
(C) Collaborative method
(D) Black board method
27. All of the following are the characteristic features of an effective teacher EXCEPT
(A) Emphasis upon standard
(B) Emphasizing group discussion for the purpose of clarifying the objectives
(C) Emphasis upon the quick control of the problematic situation
(D) Differential treatment meted out to students of his class
28. Who said "Education means the bringing out of the ideas of universal validity which are latent in the mind of every man"?
(A) Plato
(B) Socrates
(C) Aristotle
(D) John Dewey
29. What is useful for improving the learner's knowledge or vocabulary, grammar and language skills?
(A) Non verbal communication
(B) Language games
(C) E-Learning
(D) Drawing diagrams
30. In which year the Indian Education Commission introduced work-experience in the curriculum?
(A) 1964 - 1966
(B) 1960 - 1962
(C) 1958 - 1960
(D) 1963 - 1964

